



***Oregon's Integrated Care for Kids (InCK):
Sharing of Learnings Related to Metrics
12/14/2021***



Proposed Agenda

- High-Level Summary of Learnings related to **Current Metrics**
 - Proposed Changes to the **Metrics Program and Considerations**
 - Behavioral Health **PIP Metric**
 - Behavioral Health **Metrics**
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- ❖ If helpful and desired by PCS, sharing more activities alluded to in their slides for Partnership Council about the work they plan on HAKR SE and leveraging InCK

InCK Efforts Related to Current Metrics

- Housing screening and connection to services
- Food screening and connection to services

**Current Proposed
Components
of SDOH Metric**

- Depression screening and follow-up
- Well-Child Visits 3-6
- Preventive Oral
- If helpful or desired, open conversation about PCS plans for HAKR SE metric given Partnership Council slides.

Learning Relevant to Proposed SDOH Metric Being Developed by OHA

- InCK team developed a memo sent to OHA team leading development
 - Many of those areas of feedback remain,
 - OPIP will be watching for updated specifications and will public comment accordingly.
- As we dove into implementation of the metrics, we have increased concern about the proposal in the metric that starts with system-level attestation, but then goes to person level reporting: (e.g. percent screened)
 - If the purpose of the metric is to be upstream, seems metrics should not be tied to “widgets” such as screening, but rather the outcomes and metric related to outcomes
 - ✓ *Examples for housing: increase in housing supports for Medicaid insured, increase in housing navigators, increase in vouchers used, Stable housing reported by members,*
 - ✓ *Example for food: Increase access of food supports, increase in availability of culturally appropriate food, increase in food distribution in places outside a foodbank, reduction in food insecurity reported in systems that report.*
 - If the purpose is to focus on upstream determinants of health, it seems that **prioritizing and ensuring systems and processes for children** should be a foundational component given lifelong impacts
 - Assumption that if done for all, will be done for children has not been shown to be true.
 - Housing insecurity associated with out of home placement, health care costs, school absenteeism
 - Value of ensuring a START with pediatric populations

Learnings Relevant to Metric Anchored to Person-Level Reports of Screening and Connection to Services for Children

Importance of **family-centered approach**

- Social complexity data shows the number of settings parents access that may be screening
- Consideration of and incentives in the model that avoid over screening
 - Example of what a family with multiple children could experience
 - Example of prenatal screening and then screening in well-child experience
 - Example of how to count and coordinate on screening done at PCS (Member support, ICC)
- Consideration for how to “count” a connection of service that may happen through care for one child, but then impacts the full family of children insured and potentially the family
- Meaningful and authentic engagement of persons with lived experience about the process that are proposed in the metric and proposed metric components and if that aligns
- Development of processes that can screen at time of enrollment, more centrally
- Barriers noted by multiple partners of getting health complex people to sign Connect Oregon forms, so chose to do more personal outreach

Learnings Relevant to Metric Anchored to Person-Level Reports of Screening and Connection to Services for Children

If emphasis is on screening in **clinical setting**, consideration of the components that impact it being meaningful, relevant, and family-centered approach

- Implications of a mandatory reporting settings (Example from CHAOS, Mosaic)
- Implications of sharing in a clinical setting and related judgements
 - COPA experience of half the parents not agreeing to complete the form
- Implications of no billing code across payors
- Implications of Z codes on stigma and child-factors
 - Need for engagement of persons with lived experience
- Provider burn out when they do things that don't result in positive experiences or services for their children
 - CHAOS example
- Importance of the strategy OPIP developed around tools that are meaningful and relevant. Pitfalls of picking one tool or one set of tools.

Learnings Relevant Connection to Housing and Supports

Meaningful connection to Housing for health complex children will require:

- Trauma informed approaches, safety in the context of parents with children
- Housing that is available and that doesn't deprioritize based on health complex factors
 - ✓ Parental social complexity (e.g. parental incarceration, parental sud)
 - ✓ Medical complexity
 - ✓ Multiple children
 - ✓ Connection to school
 - ✓ Potential for co-location of services
- Referral pathway that is supportive and helps family navigate process, forms, and connection
 - ✓ Marion and Polk Coordinated Entry
 - ✓ Need for Housing Navigation supports articulated across partners
 - ✓ Assistance on housing voucher
- Focus on equity
 - ✓ Housing available in rural regions
 - ✓ Housing that co-locates behavioral health
- Ability to track – at family unit – those connected to services
 - ✓ At end of convos, not yet possible with Connect Oregon

Learnings Relevant Connection to Food

- Importance of trauma informed strategy
- Value of doing a listening session of those that have already implemented screening and their experiences
 - Majority note the family already knew about the foodbank
 - Fear of reporting or answering questions
- Value of doing a listening session of persons with lived experience about the process
- Income/eligibility requirements for WIC and SNAP which often serve as primary connection to long-term food supports
 - Referrals and Engagement in WIC/SNAP are also the most easily “tracked” and documented referral by practices/CBOs
- Value of incentivizing creative approaches that are missed with the “widget based count” but that are aligned with the aim of reducing food insecurity
 - Food boxes in clinical settings
- Complicated nature of “referrals” for some “food” in Connect Oregon

Learnings Relevant to Transportation

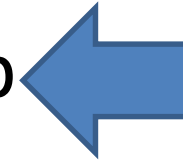
- Trauma informed approaches in mandatory reporting environments.
- Consistently noted by Parents, Youth and Young Adult Advisory group as a barrier
- Barriers to transportation when you have multiple children and how to navigate getting supports available.
- Negative experiences and stigma when used
- Adolescents accessing transportation and unique barriers
- Transportation for medically complex to Portland for multi-day trips, when have other children and related childcare barriers

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Depression Screening and Follow-Up

- Grateful for the advocacy and distillation done by OHA and PCS on this and feel that the full team understood the nuances
- The component of work OPIP had been really interested in was focused on meaningful follow-up for adolescents identified
 - Previous pilots OPIP had done with clinics across the state showed that a majority of adolescents didn't end up getting best match treatment
 - Screen for suicidality
 - Ongoing services (within integrated BH, to specialty behavioral health)
 - Barriers parents/adolescents noted to accessing services due to traditional hours of service, location of services, pro/con of telehealth
- In Central Oregon, interesting opportunity to explore pathways to behavioral health in SBHC
 - Note potential unintended consequence of reassignment
 - Importance of cross practice communication

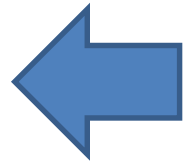
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Well Visits for 3-6

Implementation would have focused on:

- Root barriers to families of health complex 3-6 year olds accessing well-child care
 - Community & population based approach to those not coming in that is not solely on PCPCH
 - Importance of examining disparities by region, by health complexity, by REAL-D
- Component of a high quality well-child visit & how to feasibly implement in a COVID environment
 - Trauma informed approaches given descriptive information about health complex children
 - Including assessment of and brief interventions related to social-emotional health
 - Oral health and connection to dental
- Meaningful follow-up and connection to services for the screens and assessment meant at well-child, working with the community based providers on those connections.
 - Value of the asset map on the “Who, What, and Where” is available

InCK Efforts Related to Current Metrics

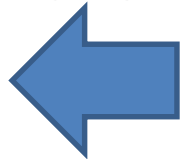
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Oral was not a component of INCK

Some area of input and guidance from OPIP

- HAKR originally called for preventive DENTAL as poor dental health and caries is highly associated with low kindergarten attendance and a primary factor identified in past literature
- Barriers noted by parents in accessing dental services when needed
 - Overall
 - Particularly in rural regions
- While not a topic within the Parent, Youth and Young Adult Advisory Group, it was raised by multiple parents
 - Dental services
 - Orthodontic services


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Proposed Changes to the Metrics Program and Considerations

- Significant concern that the ‘downstream’ metrics focused on health care limited to federal Core Measure Reporting when Medicaid/CHIP is the safety net for CYSHCN, a majority of which have social complexity
 - No metrics on CYSHCN as a population
 - Limited metrics on behavioral health
 - No metrics on care coordination
 - No metrics on integration
- Etiology of CYSHCN
 - Not all conditions are preventable by upstream activities, like is true for many adult chronic conditions
 - Again, highly problematic to then lose any financial incentives, through metrics, for this population when Medicaid/CHIP is the safety net for them and what is paid for is what is focused on
- Significant concern there remain no metrics of hospital and specialty based care
 - Driver of costs and experiences for health complex children
- How things are measured drive what action occurs
 - Committee structure undervalues technical knowledge or expertise or assessment of metric proprieties
 - Yet, we have learned that is exactly what and how is measured will be focused on
 - Need to support those that develop community informed and community driven metrics.

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Behavioral Health PIP Metric

- Opportunity to ask to examine data on persons with diagnosis and their access for children.
- Recommend stratification by
 - Birth to Five
 - School Age
 - Adolescents with right to consent to services (14 and up)
- Potential to align improvement work with goals of InCK to increase access for children and families with social complexity
 - Dyadic services (adult in CCO and child attachment)

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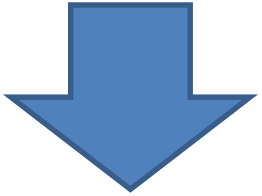


Behavioral Health Metrics

- What is measured, what is incentivized is paid for
 - Concern that we see limited metrics on behavioral health for six to 21 (and overall)
- Concern about lack of behavioral health metrics available, developed and in process for consideration
 - IN 2022 and potentially in 2023 for HPQMC and Metrics and Scoring
 - This was TOP gap noted by HPQMC
 - Noting a gap and noting wanting metrics – doesn't result in metric
- Concern about current committee progress, representation related to metric

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